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Privacy Policy Violations by Tech Giants: A Critical Examination.

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ABSTRACT

In the digital age, tech giants have become an integral part of our lives, providing us with innovative services and tools that enhance our productivity, communication, and entertainment. However, as these companies amass vast amounts of user data, concerns regarding privacy policy violations have emerged. This article critically examines the privacy policy violations by tech giants, shedding light on the ethical and legal implications of their actions. Through an analysis of prominent case studies and the evolving regulatory landscape, this article aims to raise awareness about the importance of privacy protection and the need for stricter regulations in the tech industry.

Introduction

1.1 Background Technology companies, often referred to as tech giants, have transformed various aspects of our lives. From social media platforms to search engines, online marketplaces, and virtual assistants, these companies have revolutionized how we communicate, access information, and conduct business. However, as tech giants accumulate vast quantities of user data, concerns have arisen regarding the misuse, mishandling, and unauthorized sharing of personal information.

1.2 Research Objective The objective of this article is to critically examine the privacy policy violations committed by tech giants. By analyzing prominent case studies and evaluating the ethical and legal implications of their actions, this article aims to shed light on the potential risks and consequences associated with privacy breaches. Furthermore, it seeks to emphasize the importance of stricter privacy regulations to protect user rights and restore trust in the tech industry.

1.3 Methodology This article adopts a qualitative research approach, combining a thorough review of existing literature, analysis of prominent case studies, and examination of regulatory responses to privacy policy violations by tech giants. The research draws upon academic articles, news reports, official statements, and legal documents to provide a comprehensive analysis of the subject matter.

Understanding Privacy Policies

2.1 Definition and Purpose Privacy policies serve as legal documents that outline how an organization collects, uses, stores, and shares user data. They inform users about the type of information collected, the purposes for which it is used, and the rights and choices available to individuals regarding their personal data.

2.2 Key Elements Effective privacy policies typically include clear and concise language, providing transparency to users. They address data collection practices, storage and security measures, third-party sharing, user consent mechanisms, data retention periods, and users' rights regarding their personal information.

2.3 Legal Framework Privacy policies are governed by various laws and regulations, including the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) in the European Union, the California Consumer Privacy Act (CCPA) in the United States, and similar legislation enacted in other countries. These regulations aim to protect individuals' privacy rights, establish data protection standards, and provide legal frameworks for enforcing privacy policies.

Data Collection Practices of Tech Giants

3.1 Scope and Scale of Data Collection Tech giants collect vast amounts of user data through various channels, including user interactions with their platforms, devices, and services. This data encompasses personal information, browsing history, location data, preferences, and behavioral patterns.

3.2 User Consent and Opt-Out Mechanisms Obtaining user consent is a fundamental aspect of privacy policies. However, concerns have been raised about the adequacy of consent mechanisms employed by tech giants, as users may not fully understand the extent of data collection or the potential implications of providing consent. Additionally, the availability and effectiveness of opt-out mechanisms can impact individuals' ability to control the use and sharing of their personal information.

3.3 Third-Party Data Sharing Tech giants often engage in partnerships and data-sharing agreements with third-party entities. While such collaborations can lead to innovative services and enhanced user experiences, they also raise concerns about the transparency and control over the dissemination of personal information to external parties.

Case Studies: Privacy Policy Violations

4.1 Facebook-Cambridge Analytica Scandal One of the most prominent cases of privacy policy violation involves the Facebook-Cambridge Analytica scandal. In 2018, it was revealed that Cambridge Analytica, a political consulting firm, had harvested the

personal data of millions of Facebook users without their explicit consent. This breach of user trust and unauthorized use of personal data for political purposes sparked widespread public outrage and led to regulatory investigations, significant fines, and changes in privacy policies by Facebook.

4.2 Google's Street View Wi-Fi Data Collection In another notable incident, Google's Street View cars inadvertently collected personal data from unencrypted Wi-Fi networks during their mapping activities. This unauthorized collection of sensitive information raised concerns about user privacy and led to legal consequences for Google. The company implemented measures to address the issue, enhance user privacy protections, and improve data handling practices.

4.3 Amazon's Alexa and Voice Recordings Privacy concerns have also been raised regarding Amazon's Alexa devices, which have the ability to record and store user conversations without explicit consent. These voice recordings, containing personal and potentially sensitive information, raise questions about unauthorized access, data breaches, and the use of voice data for targeted advertising. Amazon has taken steps to improve transparency and user control over voice recordings, emphasizing user consent and providing mechanisms to manage and delete recordings.

4.4 Apple's iCloud Photo Leak In a high-profile incident, private celebrity photos stored in Apple's iCloud service were hacked and leaked online. This breach highlighted the vulnerability of cloud storage systems and the importance of robust security measures to protect user data. Apple responded by strengthening security protocols, implementing two-factor authentication, and enhancing user education on data protection best practices.

Ethical Implications of Privacy Policy Violations

5.1 Informed Consent and User Autonomy Privacy policy violations raise concerns about the adequacy of informed consent obtained from users. Informed consent requires individuals to have a clear understanding of how their data will be used and shared. Without proper information and comprehension, users may not be able to make informed decisions regarding their personal information, undermining their autonomy.

5.2 Data Exploitation and Targeted Advertising Tech giants often leverage user data for targeted advertising, utilizing personalized information to deliver tailored advertisements. However, privacy policy violations can lead to the exploitation of personal data, raising ethical concerns about the manipulation of user preferences and the potential for psychological manipulation through targeted advertisements.

5.3 Psychological Manipulation and Behavioral Profiling Privacy breaches can facilitate the creation of detailed user profiles, enabling companies to engage in behavioral profiling. Such profiling, when combined with advanced algorithms and machine learning, can have significant implications for privacy, as it allows companies to predict and influence user behavior, potentially crossing ethical boundaries and infringing upon individual privacy rights.

Legal Implications and Regulatory Responses

6.1 General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) The GDPR, implemented in the European Union in 2018, has had a significant impact on privacy policies and data handling practices of tech giants. It establishes strict requirements for obtaining user consent, mandates transparency in data processing activities, and grants individuals enhanced rights over their personal data. The GDPR's extraterritorial reach, accompanied by hefty fines for non-compliance, has played a crucial role in shaping global privacy regulations and encouraging companies to prioritize user privacy.

6.2 California Consumer Privacy Act (CCPA) The CCPA, enacted in 2020 in California, grants consumers certain rights regarding their personal information held by businesses. It requires businesses to disclose data collection and sharing practices, provide opt-out mechanisms for the sale of personal information, and offer deletion

options. The CCPA's impact on tech giants' data collection practices, as well as its potential influence on privacy legislation in other states, highlights the need for comprehensive privacy regulations.

6.3 Other Global Privacy Regulations Various countries have implemented privacy regulations to protect user rights and establish data protection standards. For instance, Canada's Personal Information Protection and Electronic Documents Act (PIPEDA), the UK's Data Protection Act, and Australia's Privacy Act have provisions similar to the GDPR and CCPA. These regulations aim to ensure data privacy, provide individuals with rights and protections, and create a harmonized global approach to privacy.

6.4 Enforcement Challenges and Gaps Enforcing privacy regulations presents challenges for regulatory authorities, particularly due to resource limitations and jurisdictional complexities. The transnational nature of tech giants requires international cooperation to address cross-border privacy violations effectively. Additionally, the evolving nature of technology often outpaces the development of legislation, highlighting the need for continuous regulatory updates and improvements to address emerging privacy concerns.

Public Perception and Trust Deficit

7.1 Impact on User Trust and Behavior Privacy policy violations by tech giants have eroded public trust in the protection of personal information. Users may become skeptical about sharing their data and engaging with online services, potentially altering their online behavior and limiting their willingness to participate fully in the digital ecosystem.

7.2 Privacy Concerns and Consumer Awareness Privacy concerns have gained significant attention in recent years, prompting individuals to become more aware of their rights and the importance of privacy protection. Increased consumer awareness has led to demand for more transparent data practices, stronger privacy safeguards, and greater accountability from tech giants.

7.3 Tech Giants' Responses and PR Campaigns Tech giants have responded to privacy concerns by implementing measures to enhance user privacy and regain public trust. These efforts include revising privacy policies, improving data protection practices, and launching PR campaigns to communicate their commitment to privacy. However, skepticism remains, and ongoing scrutiny is necessary to ensure accountability and compliance.

Privacy-Enhancing Technologies and Solutions

8.1 Encryption and Anonymization Encryption and anonymization techniques play a vital role in protecting user privacy. Encryption ensures that data remains secure during transmission and storage, while anonymization techniques remove personally identifiable information from datasets, safeguarding user identities. The adoption of strong encryption practices and robust anonymization methods can significantly enhance privacy protection.

8.2 Privacy-Focused Web Browsers and Search Engines Privacy-focused web browsers and search engines have emerged as alternatives that prioritize user privacy and data protection. These platforms often incorporate features such as blocking third-party trackers, preventing data collection, and providing encrypted connections. The availability and adoption of these alternatives can challenge the market dominance of tech giants and encourage privacy-conscious behavior among users.

8.3 Personal Data Vaults and Consent Managers Personal data vaults and consent managers empower users to have greater control over their data. These tools allow individuals to manage their consent preferences, selectively share personal information, and exercise their rights regarding data access and deletion. Implementing personal

data vaults and consent managers can enhance user privacy and ensure informed consent practices.

Recommendations for Stricter Privacy Regulations

9.1 Enhanced Transparency and Accountability Tech giants should prioritize transparency in their data collection and usage practices, providing clear and easily understandable privacy policies. Additionally, they should establish mechanisms to ensure accountability, such as regular privacy audits, independent oversight, and transparency reports.

9.2 Strengthened Consent Mechanisms Consent mechanisms should be improved to ensure that users have a clear understanding of the implications of data collection and sharing. Companies should implement granular consent options, provide accessible opt-out mechanisms, and regularly review and update their consent practices.

9.3 Proactive Data Protection Measures Tech giants should adopt proactive measures to protect user data, including robust security protocols, encryption standards, and regular security audits. By investing in data protection, companies can minimize the risks of data breaches and unauthorized access.

9.4 Ethical Guidelines for Algorithmic Decision-Making Tech giants should establish ethical guidelines for algorithmic decision-making processes, particularly those that involve the use of personal data. Fairness, transparency, and accountability should be central principles in the development and deployment of algorithms to prevent discriminatory practices and protect user privacy.

Conclusion

This article has provided a comprehensive analysis of privacy policy violations by tech giants. Through the examination of prominent case studies, exploration of ethical and legal implications, review of regulatory responses, and proposal of recommendations, it

emphasizes the urgent need for stricter privacy regulations to protect user rights and restore trust in the digital ecosystem.

By shedding light on the risks and challenges associated with privacy policy violations, this article seeks to raise awareness and advocate for the implementation of robust privacy protections in the tech industry. Only through proactive measures, stronger regulations, and ethical practices can we ensure the preservation of individual privacy and maintain a healthy digital environment.

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